AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

 (Currently amended) A foam comprising a liquid phase and a gas phase wherein the liquid phase comprises at least one sclerosing agent and

the gas phase consists essentially of gaseous nitrogen present in an amount ranging from 0.0001% 0.01% to 0.8% by volume and at least one a physiologically acceptable gas mixture comprising 10 to 90% vol/vol carbon dioxide with the remaining gas oxygen.

- 2. (Canceled).
- 3. (Canceled).
- 4. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the gaseous nitrogen is present in an amount ranging from 0.01% to 0.7%.
- 5. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the gaseous nitrogen is present in an amount ranging from 0.01% to 0.6%.
- 6. (Canceled).

- 7. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the foam has a density less than 0.25 g/cm and half life of greater than 100 secs.
- 8. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the half life is at least 120 seconds.
- 9. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the half life is at least 150 seconds.
- 10. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the half life is at least 180 seconds.
- 11. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the density ranges from 0.07 to 0.22 g/ml.
- 12. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the density ranges from 0.07 to 0.19 g/ml.
- 13. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the density ranges from 0.07 to 0.16 g/ml.

- 14. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the density ranges from 0.08 to 0.14 g/ml.
- 15. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the at least one sclerosing agent is chosen from polidocanol, glycerol and sodium tetradecyl sulphate.
- 16. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein the at least one sclerosing agent is polidocanol.
- 17. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 16, wherein the polidocanol is present in a concentration ranging from 0.5 to 4% vol/vol in the liquid phase.
- 18. (Currently amended) A canister, the contents of which consist of a liquid component and a gas component, maintained at above atmospheric pressure, wherein:

the liquid phase comprises at least one sclerosing agent and

the gas phase consists essentially of gaseous nitrogen present in an amount ranging from 0.0001% 0.01% to 0.8% by volume and at least one a physiologically acceptable gas mixture comprising 10 to 90% vol/vol carbon dioxide with the remaining gas oxygen.

- 19. (Previously presented) The canister of claim 18, further comprising a foam generating element with at least one aperture formed therein, the at least one aperture having maximum dimensions ranging from 0.1 to 200 micron.
- 20. (Previously presented) The canister of claim 19, wherein the at least one aperture has maximum dimensions ranging from 1 to 50 micron.
- 21. (Previously presented) The canister of claim 20, wherein the at least one aperture has maximum dimensions ranging from 2 to 30 micron.
- 22. (Previously presented) The canister of claim 21, wherein the at least one aperture has maximum dimensions ranging from 3 to 10 micron.
- 23. (Previously presented) The canister of claim 22, wherein the at least one aperture has maximum dimensions of about 5 micron.
- 24. (Currently amended) The canister of claim 20, wherein the at least one aperture has a maximum dimension of 3 to 10 micron, and wherein the at least one other physiologically acceptable gas <u>mixture</u> is from 1 to 40% carbon dioxide and the remaining gas is substantially oxygen.

- 25. (Currently amended) The canister of claim 20, wherein the at least one other physiologically acceptable gas <u>mixture</u> is from 10 and 30% carbon dioxide gas and the remaining gas is substantially oxygen.
- 26. (Previously presented) A method of making a canister of claim 18 comprising:
- (a) flushing the canister with a gas mixture essentially comprising the other physiological acceptable gas;
- (b) introducing the at least one sclerosing agent sclerosing agent into the canister either before or after step (a);
- (c) pressurizing the canister to a first predetermined pressure above atmospheric pressure from a source of the other physiological acceptable gas whose level of nitrogen contamination is between 0.0001% and 0.5%;
- (d) partially exhausting the contents of the canister, followed by re-pressurizing the canister from the same or a different source of the other physiologically acceptable gas whose level of nitrogen contamination is between 0.0001% and 0.5%.
- 27. (Canceled).
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the pressure in the canister is maintained at or above the surrounding atmospheric pressure.

- 29. (Previously presented) A method for angiologic treatment comprising injecting the foam as described in claim 1 into vessels to be treated.
- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29 comprising having a patient breathe oxygen or an oxygen enriched atmosphere for a predetermined period prior to injecting the foam.
- 31. (Previously presented) The method for phlebologic treatment comprising injecting the foam as described in claim 1 into vessels to be treated.
- 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 31 comprising having a patient breathe oxygen or an oxygen enriched atmosphere for a predetermined period prior to injecting the foam.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein substantially the entire greater saphenous vein of one leg of a human patient is treated by a single injection of foam.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 33, wherein the single injection uses an amount ranging from 10ml to 50ml.

- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the single injection uses an amount ranging from 10ml to 40ml.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the single injection uses an amount ranging from 15ml to 30ml.
- 37. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1, wherein 50% or more by number of gas bubbles of 25 μm diameter and over present in the foam are of no more than 200 μm diameter and at least 95% by number of gas bubbles of 25 μm diameter and over are of no more than 280 μm diameter.
- 38. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 37, wherein at least 50% by number of gas bubbles of 25 μ m diameter and over present in the foam are of no more than 150 μ m diameter and at least 95% by number of gas bubbles of 25 μ m diameter and over are of no more than 250 μ m diameter.
- 39. (Previously presented) The foam of claim 1 wherein none of the gas bubbles of the foam is of greater than 500 µm diameter.